

# The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, May 29.—Last 24 hours' rainfall, .04.  
Temperature, Max. 80; Min. 71. Weather, showery.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 3.90c.; Per Ton, \$78.00.  
SS Analysis Boats, 10c.; Per Ton, \$82.20.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1907.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

## SOLID MEN OF HAWAII FOR SMALL FARMS

The Strongest Kind of Testimony in Favor of Small Proprietorships in Island Lands.

For want of an argument, the remark has been printed that the people who are sustaining the idea of American farm development here, and the creation of a substantial middle class, are doing so with the idea of getting political favors from President Roosevelt. It may interest visiting Congressmen to know who the people are who are thus described. First we give an extract from the inaugural address of Governor Dole, Hawaii's first citizen:

"The pressing demands of the agricultural corporations for cheap field labor, together with their great influence, will continue as in the past to be an obstacle to the development of such a citizen population as shall safeguard the political future of Hawaii. The two enterprises are mutually hostile. The one is interested in men as machines; the other as factors in the development of the State.

"As the control of such corporations gradually passes into the hands of those who are without the restraining influences of local or traditional associations, and are not interested in the social growth of the Hawaiian community, this danger may become more threatening than before.

"Every one who is a resident here, not merely to amass wealth but to live and perhaps to bring up children who will necessarily become attached to the country, its climate and its social life, is most vitally interested in having this matter rightly solved. This means that it shall not only be possible but settled beyond all question that no moneyed interest shall be allowed to stand in the way of the development of a pure family life in any part of the Territory of Hawaii; either by the enforcement of unfavorable conditions upon the field laborer, whereby family life is made morally impossible or only immorally possible, or by opposing the settlement of the small proprietor. Indifference of government or employers to the inalienable rights of men, women and children to an ideal home environment must result, sooner or later, in the reprisals of natural justice.

"Our shores and mountain slopes offer a fertile soil and an infinite variety of landscape, sufficient and suitable for the homes of such citizens and enough of them as shall assure honest capable government and staidness in due time.

"The land policy of the republic of Hawaii, whereby public lands are open for settlement in small holdings, should be continued by the Territory, with such changes as experience has shown to be necessary, and carried on with vigor and earnestness in the hope that many Americans may be led to transfer their homes from the mainland to Hawaii."

Here is the testimony of the planters themselves, given on January 14, 1905, in the form of the following resolutions:

"Whereas, Statements have been made to the effect that the sugar planters of Hawaii are inimical to the immigration of American citizens to Hawaii and to the policy of establishing diversified industries here, and the settlement of American farmers upon the lands of Hawaii and the employment of citizens in the skilled labor positions upon the plantations; and

"Whereas, Such statements are incorrect; and

"Whereas, It is proper that the position of the sugar planters of Hawaii upon this subject should be so clearly

## JAPS MAY DEPRIVE M'CARTHY OF LICENSE

It is reported that Senator McCarthy, father of the Liquor law and proprietor of the Criterion saloon, is up against it for a renewal of his saloon license, a direct outcome of the law he was instrumental in drawing up and getting through the Senate and House in the recent session. According to his own statement before the Board of License Commissioners yesterday the new law is drawn so as to operate against the Orientals in the saloon business and a suspicion of this fact has been felt among the Orientals, especially the Japanese, ever since the measure was introduced into the Legislature.

Acting on this suspicion the Japanese are said to have been quietly working a game of subtle revenge against the Senator, taking advantage of that section of the new regulations (Continued on Page Seven.)

defined that there can be no future misunderstanding about it;

"Resolved, By the Trustees of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association representing practically all the sugar plantations in Hawaii:

"1. That it is our belief that the best interests of the Territory of Hawaii will be served by the establishing of new and diversified industries within its borders; and that for the securing of such end we favor legislative assistance in the establishment of such industries, both by way of relieving them from taxes during the earlier stages, and by carrying on experiments, at public expense, to demonstrate ways and means of making them successful.

"We consider the experiment to test the feasibility of raising tobacco, now being jointly carried on by the Federal Experiment Station and the Territorial Board of Agriculture, to be of this character, and we hope that similar experiments may be continued and extended as rapidly and on as large a scale as the state of the Treasury may permit;

"2. We are of the opinion that the best interests of the sugar planters, in common with the other residents of this Territory, will be promoted by an increase of its American population, and that with this object in view special efforts, both public and private, should be made to fill skilled labor positions with citizens and those eligible to become citizens, and to encourage (Continued on Page Two)

## JACK LONDON'S REPLY TO PRESIDENT'S CRITICISM

What President Roosevelt thinks of some of the writings of Jack London is given in an interview with him by Edward W. Clark in the June number of Everybody's Magazine. What Jack London thinks of the President's criticism was learned from the young novelist himself yesterday morning, the writer suspending his usual routine of daily work at his desk in his temporary home at Pearl Harbor in order to discuss with a representative of the Advertiser the difficulties a novelist, especially a realist, has to contend with in being subject to the expression of dogmatic views from everyone who thinks that his particular knowledge of the matter under discussion covers everything that can possibly be known about it.

Roosevelt says London is a "nature faker"; London says that Roosevelt is talking from insufficient knowledge of his subject and shows it by reversing the situation in the story quoted and basing a criticism upon this.

Everybody's Magazine says that President Roosevelt is "from every point of view" in a position to be an authority on stories of animal life; Jack London says:

"Thank God I am not an authority on anything. I have knocked around enough to know that one man cannot see it all and because I never saw any particular thing that is no reason why it may not have happened."

The magazine article in question, "Roosevelt on Nature Fakers," quotes the President as saying:

"Take the chapter from Jack London's 'White Fang' that tells the story of a fight between the great northern wolf, White Fang, and a bulldog. Reading this, I can't believe that Mr. London knows much about the wolves, and I am certain that he knows nothing about their fighting, or as a realist he would not tell this tale. Here is a great wolf of the northern breed; its strength is such that with one stroke it can hamstring a horse or gut a steer, and yet it is represented as ripping, and slashing with 'long, tearing strokes' again and again and again a bulldog, not much more than a third its size, and the bulldog, which should be in ribbons, keeps on fighting without having suffered any appreciable injury. This thing is the very sublimity of absurdity. In such a fight the chance for the dog would be only one in a thousand, its victory being possible only through getting a throat grip the instant that the fight started. This kind of realism is a closet product."

"In the same book London describes a great dog-wolf being torn in pieces by a lucivee, a northern lynx. This is about as sensible as to describe a tom cat tearing in pieces a thirty-pound fighting bull terrier. Nobody who really knew anything about either a lynx or a wolf would write such nonsense."

Mr. London had not seen the article quoted until it was pointed out to him yesterday. Glancing at the title he exclaimed:

Life's fevered day declines, the purple twilight falling,  
Draws lengthened shadows from the broken flanks,  
And far ahead a viewless chief is calling,  
"Guide right! Close up the ranks!"

## GENERAL KEIFER THE MEMORIAL ORATOR

General J. Warren Keifer, one of the few surviving general officers of the Civil War, will be the orator of the day at the Memorial services. He has been a fighter in two wars, a speaker of the House of Representatives and is the grand old man of the Congressional party now in these islands. The G. A. R. procession will move today at 1:30 p. m. and the exercises at the Nuuanu cemetery will begin at 3 p. m. There promises to be an immense turnout.

### POSTOFFICE NOTICE.

The postoffice will distribute letter mail on the arrival of the Mongolia should the vessel arrive before 9 o'clock a. m. The registry and money order office will be open from 9 to 10 and one delivery by carriers made.

JOSEPH G. PRATT,  
Postmaster.

### MONGOLIA'S BIG LIST.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23.—The liner Mongolia, Captain Hathaway, sailing next Friday, will have nearly 200 saloon passengers on board. The big steamer is at pier 42, where a heavy cargo is being taken aboard, the freight including many heavy pieces of machinery for Japan.

The cost of new buildings erected in San Francisco now foots up to \$68,575,067.

## ROYAL RECEPTION TENDERED THE CONGRESSIONAL VISITORS

The royal reception tendered the visiting Congressmen and their ladies at the beautiful home of Prince and Princess Kalaniana'ole at Waikiki last night was the most elaborate and largely attended function given in Honolulu for many years. Her Majesty Liliuokalani, assisted by the host and hostess, received the two thousand and more invited guests, who were each presented in turn to the visiting statesmen. In the receiving line was also Acting Governor Atkinson, who stood beside the Queen's chair during the evening.

The beautiful grounds of the home of the Prince were bright with colored lights, marquees had been pitched to serve as stands for the musicians, as waiting rooms and cloak rooms, while refreshments were served throughout the evening from numerous daintily decorated stands throughout the grounds. The formal reception took place on the lanai of the big grass house, the Queen, the Delegate and his charming wife and the guests of honor receiving here the long lines of townsfolk, gathered in their honor. Her Majesty was gowned in an elaborate and handsome creation of embroidered chiffon over satin, the Princess wearing a beautiful gown of spangle net over pink silk. There were hundreds of other most beautiful costumes worn by the ladies present, the affair, in spite of the slight drizzle of rain which fell during the early part of the reception, being one of the gayest yet seen in Honolulu. Among the guests were practically everyone of social importance in the city, Territorial and Federal officials, members of the bench, army and navy officials, professional men and others.

The presentation of the guests began promptly at 8 o'clock and for nearly two hours the line passed before the host and hostess and the guests of honor. The mere shaking of hands of the large number present proved too great a task for some in the receiving line and the later comers were greeted with bows only.

One of the pleasing features of the reception was the presence in a body of the members of four of the principal Hawaiian lodges of Honolulu, the Kamehamehas, the Liholihi, the Kaula and the Hui Olowai, the combined membership of which totaled eighteen hundred. Some of the lodge members attended in their striking white uniforms, four special cars being required to bring them to the grounds.

During the evening the Hawaiian glee club rendered especially good Hawaiian music, Madame Alapai and Miss Kaal singing also several appreciated selections.

The reception was taken advantage of by many to bid farewell and aloha to the members of the Congressional party, who are to sail possibly today, probably tomorrow, for the mainland.

## SALOON MEN PROTEST AGAINST ORIENTALS

"My idea in drawing up the draft of the Liquor Bill so as to give the Board of Commissioners such unlimited powers was that this could keep the Orientals from getting licenses without having to mention them specifically in the bill."

Such was the avowal made by Senator Charles McCarthy before the Board of License Commissioners at the meeting held yesterday in the Capitol, called in order that the persons interested in the liquor business might meet the board and explain their desires and state their views. As it transpired the saloon keepers present and the other interested in the trade were unanimously of the opinion that the board should not enforce any hard and fast rules regarding the manner in which saloons should be conducted, but should leave themselves open to deal with each applicant on his merits and deal with each saloon as necessity arose. They were also equally unanimous that the Oriental should be driven out of the saloon business in Oahu if possible. Senator McCarthy qualified his remarks about the Orientals by adding to the statement quoted above a reservation that he did not include all Orientals in the ones to be refused licenses.

"I do not mean all Orientals," he explained, "but the most of them, for they conduct their business in such a way that the whole trade is disgraced through them. They have dragged the business down so low that many of us are now ashamed to be connected with it."

ORIENTALS RUINING THE TRADE.  
William Lishman, president of Macfarlane & Co., was even more vehement in his strictures against the Oriental saloon keeper than the father (Continued on Page Seven.)

## JAP LABORERS THREATEN TO FORM A BIG UNION

Delegates representing the Japanese laborers on each one of the islands are in Honolulu in conference, their meeting being called to inquire into the labor question from the Japanese point of view. As a preliminary to their work they have approached Attorney Charles F. Chillingworth with an offer to engage him to make a digest of the different offers being made to the incoming Portuguese and Spanish laborers and submit the same to them.

For some time there have been rumors of a probable formation of one great labor union among the Japanese laborers on the plantations throughout the Territory, the avowed object of which

## HORSE KILLED AND MAN BADLY HURT

Sakichi Shirahana, a Molokai Japanese, was seriously and perhaps fatally hurt in a runaway accident on King street yesterday afternoon in front of the Opera House. The horse he was driving became frightened at a passing Rapid Transit car in front of the Territory stables and dashed up King street past the Judiciary building. Just in front of the Opera House Shirahana turned his horse in towards the curb to avoid another car, trying to pull the frightened animal around to make the turn into Mililani street. Instead of this, however, the maddened animal dashed directly into the front wall of the Opera House. The force of the collision was such that the neck of the horse was broken and the driver was hurled against the wall with tremendous force. A companion with him in the wagon was thrown clear of the building and escaped serious injury, but Shirahana lay crumpled up where he fell and it was supposed for a short time that he had been killed outright.

Dr. Wayson was hurriedly summoned from the office of the Board of Health, where he was attending a meeting, and a hurry-up call was sent for the police ambulance. It was ascertained that the man still lived and he was taken at once to the Queen's Hospital for treatment.

At the hospital last night it was reported that the man was still unconscious from the blow received on the head and it was impossible to learn to what extent he had been injured internally. He had received two severe scalp wounds and was otherwise bruised up, his condition being regarded as serious.

Forty-five persons are contesting the will of M. E. Gonzales in San Francisco, who left an estate of \$400,000.

## QUEEN MAUDE HAS NARROW ESCAPE

She and Madame Fallieres on Brink of Death in the Seine.

(Associated Press Cablegrams)

PARIS, May 30.—While Queen Maude of Norway and Madame Fallieres, wife of the President of the Republic, were crossing a bridge of the Seine the horses attached to their carriage were frightened and plunged over the side. Just as the carriage was tipping into the water, General Michel of the escort dragged the Queen and Madame Fallieres out of the vehicle. Neither were hurt. Enormous crowds gathered and the excitement was intense.

## The Strike Epidemic

BUENOS AYRES, May 30.—Engineers and firemen on the Argentine railroads are striking and railroad traffic is at a standstill.  
BERLIN, May 30.—Five thousand bakers have struck.

## Strikers Are Arrested

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30.—Charles Cordes, John McDonald and W. Burns, leaders of the carmen, have been arrested for an interference with the telephone wires which resulted in the burning out of switchboards.

## Guatemala Mounts Guns

CITY OF MEXICO, May 30.—A Guatemalan corps is entrenching and mounting artillery on the Ocos frontier.

## To Settle Ena Estate

LOS ANGELES, May 30.—F. H. Asch has been appointed administrator of the John Ena estate.

## President's Movements

CANTON, Ohio, May 30.—President Roosevelt has left for Indianapolis.

## Traveling Monarch

BADEN - BADEN, May 30.—The King of Siam has arrived here.

## AFTERNOON CABLE REPORT

CANTON, O., May 29.—The funeral of the late Mrs. McKinley, widow of the assassinated President, was held here today.

An unconfirmed rumor to the effect that the brother of Czoizos, Czoizos having been the slayer of President McKinley, was here among the people attending the funeral, caused a particularly careful guarding of the person of President Roosevelt by Secret Service men and special police.

CANTON, China, May 29.—Thirteen hundred troops have been sent to Swatow to quell the rebellion.

BRADLEY, Cal., May 29.—By the ditching of a passenger train near here today two persons were killed and one fatally injured. A number of others were badly hurt.

LOUISVILLE, May 29.—A general strike of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad system has been declared, and the shops are all closed.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 29.—No new members for the jury to try Mayor Schmitt have been secured.

QUINCY, Mass., May 29.—The scout cruiser Birmingham was launched here today.